



US009311660B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Dharmaji

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,311,660 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Apr. 12, 2016**

(54) **HOT SPOT USE IN ADVERTISING**

(56) **References Cited**

(71) Applicant: **GOLDSPOT MEDIA, INC.,**
Sunnyvale, CA (US)

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

(72) Inventor: **Srinivasa Dharmaji**, Sunnyvale, CA
(US)

5,914,654	A	6/1999	Smith
6,036,601	A	3/2000	Heckel
6,067,008	A	5/2000	Smith
6,070,149	A	5/2000	Tavor et al.
6,137,834	A	10/2000	Wine et al.
6,182,098	B1	1/2001	Selker
6,256,043	B1	7/2001	Aho et al.
6,314,451	B1	11/2001	Landsman et al.
6,317,885	B1	11/2001	Fries
6,342,926	B1	1/2002	Hanafee et al.

(73) Assignee: **GOLDSPOT MEDIA, INC.,**
Sunnyvale, CA (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 230 days.

(Continued)

(21) Appl. No.: **14/187,151**

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

(22) Filed: **Feb. 21, 2014**

GB	2404751	2/2005
JP	2005-259097	9/2005

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2014/0172578 A1 Jun. 19, 2014

Primary Examiner — Shen Shiau

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Michael A. Glenn; Perkins Coie LLP

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 13/078,297, filed on Apr. 1, 2011, now Pat. No. 8,701,051, which is a continuation-in-part of application No. 12/368,141, filed on Feb. 9, 2009, now Pat. No. 8,510,661.

(60) Provisional application No. 61/065,258, filed on Feb. 11, 2008.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
G06Q 30/02 (2012.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **G06Q 30/0267** (2013.01); **G06Q 30/02** (2013.01)

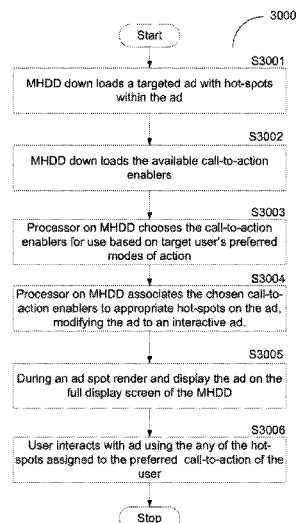
(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC H04N 21/858; H04L 67/02; G06Q 30/02; G06Q 30/0255; G06Q 30/0267; H04M 3/4878; H04M 1/72583

See application file for complete search history.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

The delivery of targeted advertisements (ads) to wireless mobile handheld display devices (MHDDs) with client specific advertisement and dynamic content for response and feedback is becoming important in advertising. As the return for ads on MHDDs becomes higher, there is a push to show larger and more interactive ads on devices that have small displays. This has created a need to maximize the area available for ad viewing. The need for larger viewing area reduces the area available for call-to-action response enabling switches or inserts on the screen for customer interaction. To overcome this deficiency and provide the necessary end-to-end response capability, hot-spots on the ad image are provided as call-to-action response regions without limitation on the ad viewing area. The use of such hot-spots provides users of MHDDs a preferred interaction mechanism for responding to the advertisement, while maintaining a large ad viewing area.

5 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets



(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

6,362,817	B1	3/2002	Powers et al.	2005/0044082	A1	2/2005	Chande et al.
6,396,509	B1	5/2002	Cheng	2005/0149385	A1	7/2005	Trively
6,448,980	B1	9/2002	Kumar	2005/0197164	A1	9/2005	Chan
6,477,575	B1	11/2002	Koeppel et al.	2005/0209923	A1	9/2005	Jablonski et al.
6,496,857	B1	12/2002	Dustin et al.	2006/0020548	A1	1/2006	Flather et al.
6,505,169	B1	1/2003	Bhagavath et al.	2006/0036488	A1	2/2006	Golan et al.
6,519,571	B1	2/2003	Guheen et al.	2006/0074769	A1	4/2006	Looney et al.
6,647,257	B2	11/2003	Owensby	2006/0089792	A1	4/2006	Manber et al.
6,698,020	B1	2/2004	Zigmond et al.	2006/0089843	A1 *	4/2006	Flather G06Q 30/06 705/1.1
6,711,552	B1	3/2004	Kay et al.	2006/0136297	A1	6/2006	Willis et al.
6,714,992	B1	3/2004	Kanojia et al.	2006/0168664	A1	7/2006	Frank et al.
6,826,614	B1 *	11/2004	Hanmann G06F 17/30902 707/E17.12	2006/0190616	A1 *	8/2006	Mayerhofer H04L 67/20 709/231
6,847,992	B1	1/2005	Haitsuka et al.	2006/0259455	A1	11/2006	Anderson et al.
6,915,012	B2	7/2005	Osborne et al.	2006/0294538	A1	12/2006	Li et al.
6,920,606	B1	7/2005	Jablonski et al.	2007/0038507	A1 *	2/2007	Kumar G06Q 30/02 379/114.1
6,968,315	B1	11/2005	Nakisa	2007/0047002	A1 *	3/2007	Hull G06F 17/30047 358/3.28
7,027,801	B1	4/2006	Hall et al.	2007/0061204	A1	3/2007	Ellis et al.
7,062,469	B2	6/2006	Meyers et al.	2007/0061205	A1	3/2007	Crolley
7,162,226	B2	1/2007	Papulov	2007/0061331	A1 *	3/2007	Ramer G06F 17/30867
7,271,737	B1	9/2007	Hoffberg	2007/0078712	A1	4/2007	Ott, IV et al.
7,343,317	B2	3/2008	Jokinen et al.	2007/0088801	A1 *	4/2007	Levkovitz H04L 12/1859 709/217
7,505,920	B2	3/2009	Agarwal et al.	2007/0094072	A1 *	4/2007	Vidals G06Q 30/02 705/14.43
7,516,201	B2	4/2009	Kovacs et al.	2007/0094082	A1	4/2007	Yruski et al.
7,533,343	B2	5/2009	Ratnakar	2007/0101359	A1	5/2007	Schiller et al.
7,613,691	B2	11/2009	Finch	2007/0146200	A1	6/2007	Norin et al.
7,647,316	B2	1/2010	Patel et al.	2007/0150573	A1 *	6/2007	Kitchen G06Q 30/02 709/223
7,650,617	B2	1/2010	Hoshino et al.	2007/0198339	A1	8/2007	Shen et al.
7,684,790	B2	3/2010	Cartmell	2007/0204310	A1	8/2007	Hua et al.
7,720,835	B2	5/2010	Ward et al.	2008/0004957	A1 *	1/2008	Hildreth G06Q 30/0267 705/14.64
7,724,783	B2	5/2010	Shvodian et al.	2008/0033781	A1	2/2008	Peretti
7,747,264	B2	6/2010	Fiorini	2008/0040743	A1	2/2008	Dharmaji
7,769,633	B2	8/2010	Jokinen et al.	2008/0040768	A1	2/2008	Robotham
7,775,440	B2	8/2010	Silverbrook et al.	2008/0081640	A1	4/2008	Tran et al.
7,778,636	B2	8/2010	Rolf	2008/0097843	A1 *	4/2008	Menon G06Q 30/02 705/14.1
7,805,444	B2	9/2010	Roche et al.	2008/0103875	A1	5/2008	Kokernak et al.
7,856,372	B2	12/2010	Ullah	2008/0114762	A1	5/2008	Fukuda et al.
7,856,373	B2	12/2010	Ullah	2008/0182563	A1 *	7/2008	Wugofski G06Q 10/10 455/414.2
7,861,260	B2	12/2010	Shkedi	2008/0189735	A1	8/2008	Barton et al.
8,009,608	B2	8/2011	Karaoguz et al.	2008/0195468	A1	8/2008	Malik
8,132,202	B2	3/2012	Swix et al.	2008/0201734	A1	8/2008	Lyon et al.
8,510,661	B2 *	8/2013	Dharmaji G06Q 30/02 705/14.4	2008/0221909	A1 *	9/2008	Muhonen G06Q 30/02 705/1.1
8,549,410	B2	10/2013	Hoyle	2008/0255943	A1	10/2008	Morten et al.
8,701,051	B2 *	4/2014	Dharmaji G06Q 30/02 705/14.64	2008/0270886	A1	10/2008	Gossweiler et al.
8,732,166	B1 *	5/2014	Strand G06F 17/30884 707/710	2008/0288354	A1	11/2008	Flinn et al.
9,021,060	B2 *	4/2015	Bramley G06Q 30/0267 705/14.45	2008/0290987	A1	11/2008	Li
9,189,794	B2 *	11/2015	Dharmaji G06Q 30/02	2008/0313029	A1	12/2008	Evans et al.
2001/0023436	A1	9/2001	Srinivasan et al.	2008/0318559	A1	12/2008	Porco
2001/0034654	A1	10/2001	Vigil et al.	2009/0049380	A1	2/2009	Rehling et al.
2001/0056405	A1	12/2001	Muyres et al.	2009/0099931	A1 *	4/2009	Aaltonen G06Q 30/0257 705/14.55
2002/0032631	A1 *	3/2002	Rose G06Q 10/10 705/37	2009/0106126	A1	4/2009	Asano et al.
2002/0046099	A1	4/2002	Frengut et al.	2009/0171779	A1	7/2009	Shrivathsan et al.
2002/0055968	A1	5/2002	Wishoff et al.	2009/0191855	A1 *	7/2009	Forrester G06Q 30/02 455/418
2002/0083445	A1	6/2002	Flickinger et al.	2009/0197582	A1 *	8/2009	Lewis H04W 4/02 455/414.2
2002/0087397	A1	7/2002	Mazza	2009/0199114	A1 *	8/2009	Lewis G06Q 30/02 715/763
2002/0087976	A1	7/2002	Kaplan et al.	2009/0204901	A1 *	8/2009	Dharmaji G06F 3/0481 715/745
2002/0133405	A1	9/2002	Newnam et al.	2009/0234861	A1	9/2009	Ramer et al.
2002/0154163	A1	10/2002	Melchner	2009/0247140	A1 *	10/2009	Gupta G06Q 30/02 455/418
2002/0166119	A1	11/2002	Cristofalo	2009/0254824	A1 *	10/2009	Singh G01C 21/3679 715/716
2003/0004802	A1	1/2003	Callegari	2009/0287561	A1 *	11/2009	Rybak G06Q 30/0225 705/14.26
2003/0028889	A1	2/2003	McCoskey et al.				
2003/0131070	A1	7/2003	Stroebe et al.				
2003/0137544	A1	7/2003	Mears et al.				
2003/0151621	A1	8/2003	Mcevilley et al.				
2003/0188308	A1	10/2003	Kizuka et al.				
2004/0003118	A1	1/2004	Brown et al.				
2004/0073947	A1	4/2004	Gupta et al.				
2004/0103120	A1	5/2004	Fickle et al.				
2004/0122735	A1	6/2004	Meshkin				
2004/0133480	A1	7/2004	Domes				

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2009/0298480	A1 *	12/2009	Khambete	G06F 17/30699 455/414.1
2009/0320059	A1	12/2009	Bolyukh	
2010/0002874	A1	1/2010	Obayashi et al.	
2010/0017280	A1	1/2010	Davis et al.	
2010/0041422	A1	2/2010	Wormald et al.	
2010/0042485	A1	2/2010	Wang et al.	
2010/0082435	A1	4/2010	Hartman	
2010/0094703	A1 *	4/2010	Bramley	G06Q 30/02 705/14.45
2010/0131365	A1	5/2010	Subramanian et al.	
2010/0138295	A1 *	6/2010	Caron	G06Q 30/02 705/14.49
2010/0205049	A1	8/2010	Long et al.	
2010/0228611	A1	9/2010	Shenfield	
2010/0228617	A1	9/2010	Ransom et al.	
2010/0235891	A1	9/2010	Oglesbee et al.	
2010/0250351	A1	9/2010	Gillenson et al.	
2010/0250368	A1	9/2010	Porco	
2010/0274661	A1	10/2010	Aaltonen et al.	
2010/0274673	A1	10/2010	Isaac	
2011/0029363	A1	2/2011	Gillenson et al.	
2011/0040627	A1	2/2011	Brewer et al.	
2011/0060651	A1	3/2011	Choi	
2011/0178875	A1 *	7/2011	Dharmaji	G06Q 30/0267 705/14.64
2011/0184790	A1 *	7/2011	Deol Brar	G06Q 30/0241 705/14.4
2011/0184810	A1 *	7/2011	Dharmaji	G06Q 30/0267 705/14.64
2013/0275879	A1 *	10/2013	Dharmaji	G06F 3/0481 715/745

* cited by examiner

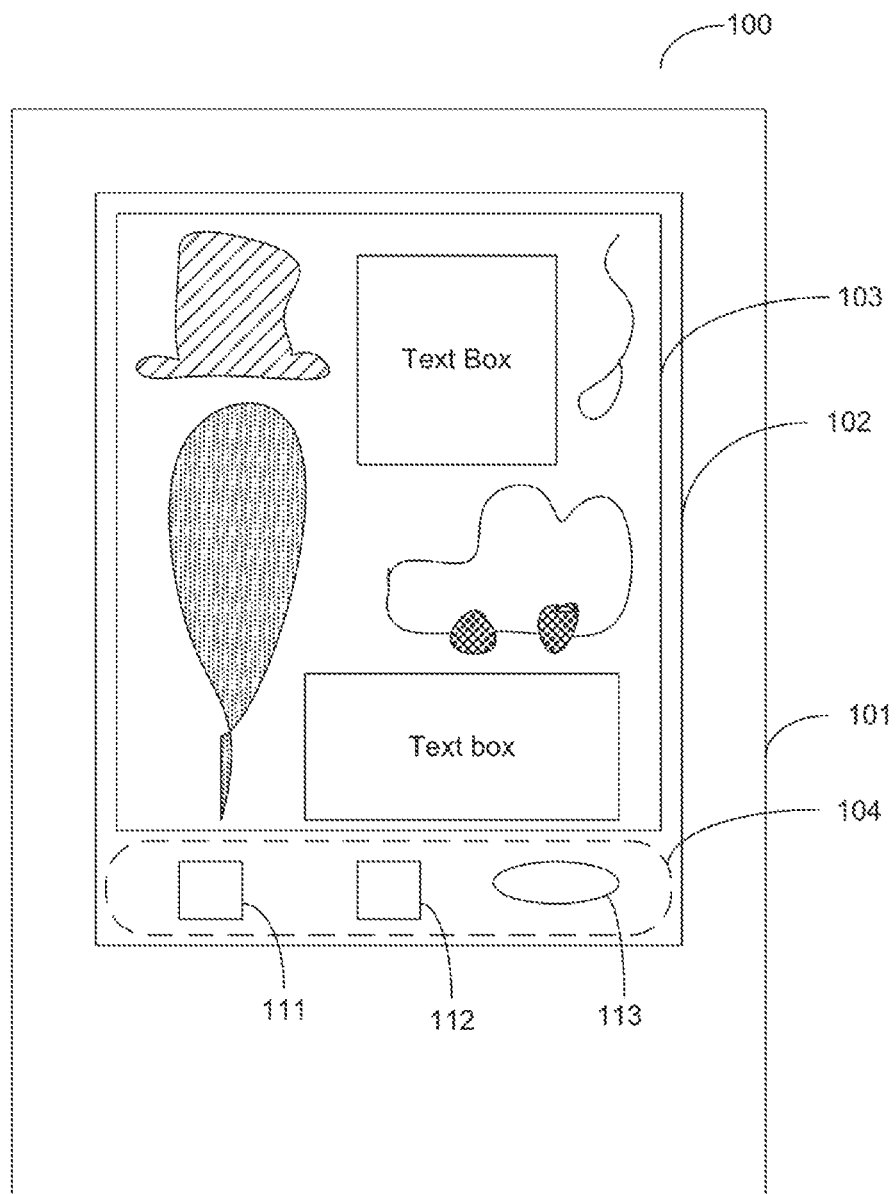


FIGURE 1 (PRIOR ART)

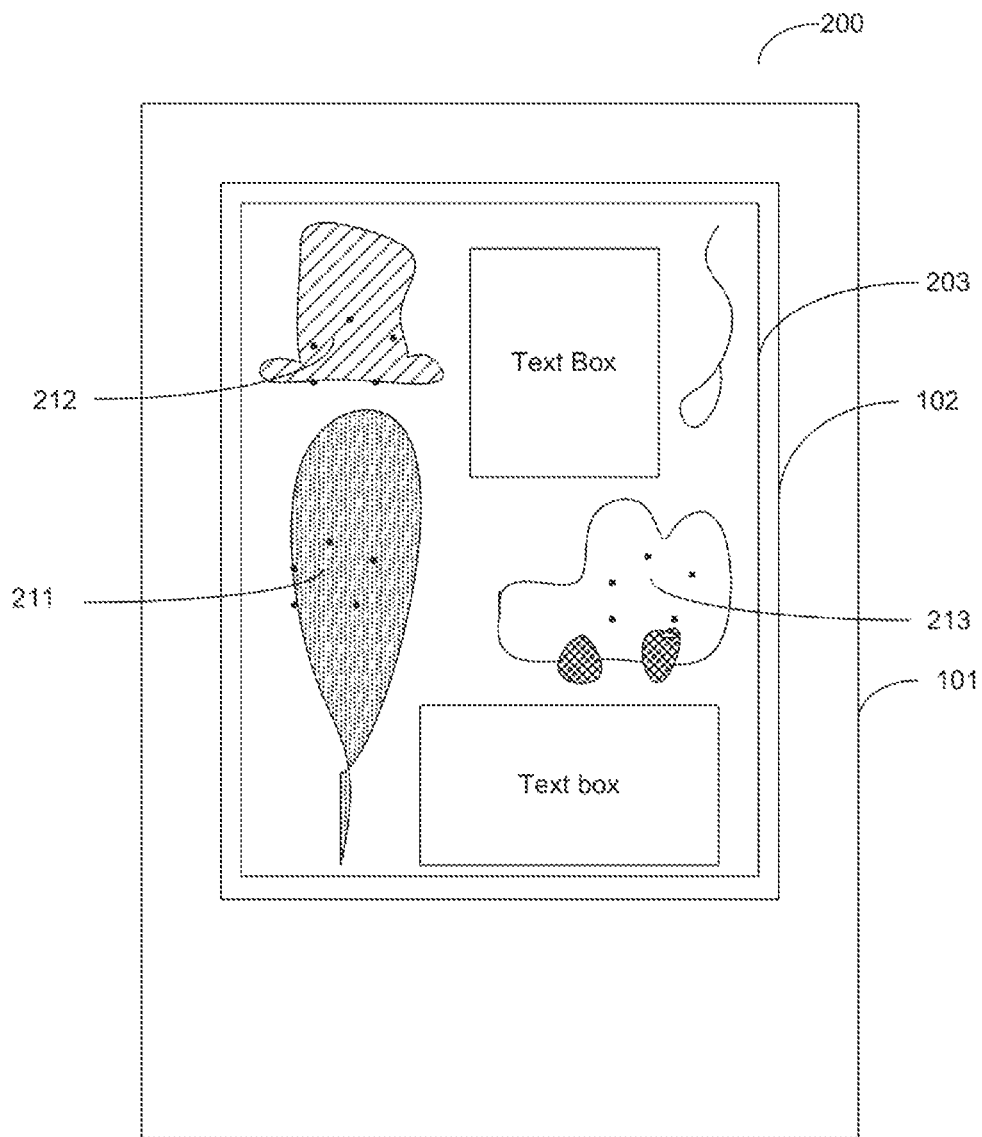
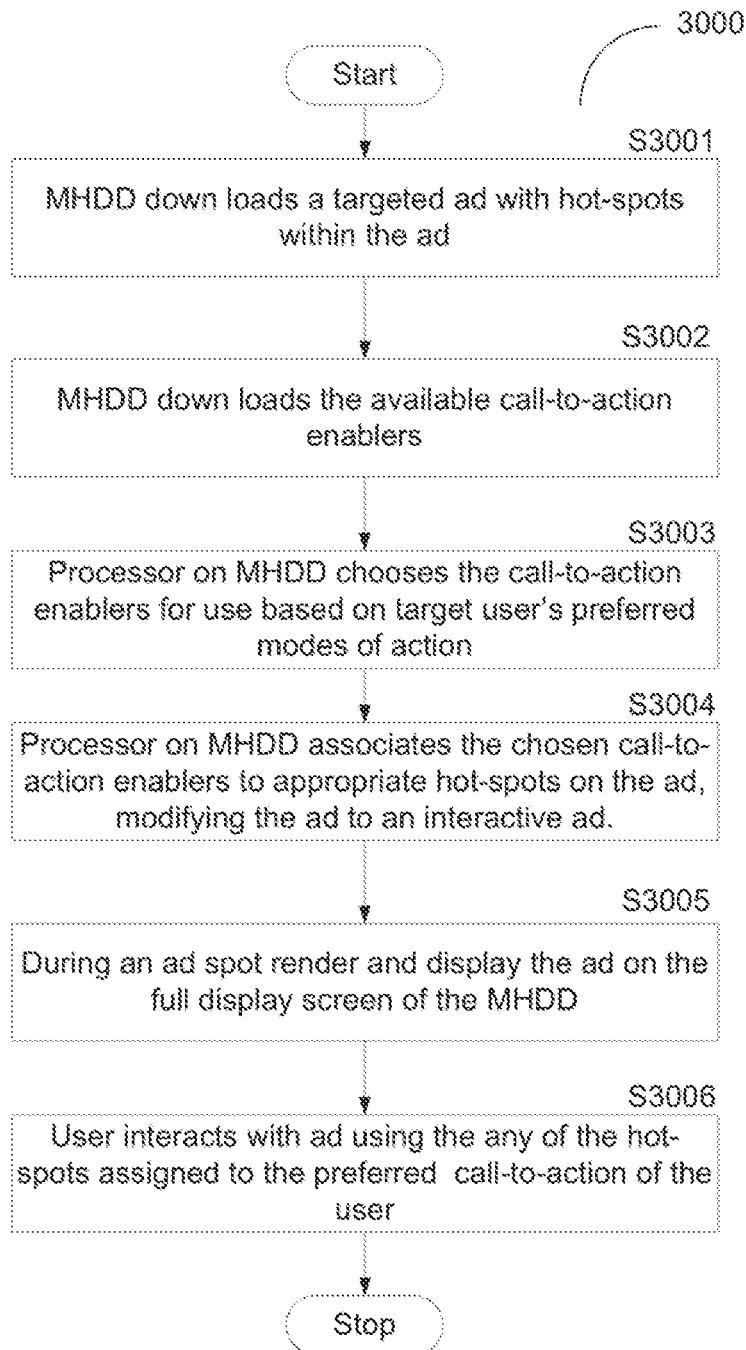


FIGURE 2

**FIGURE 3**

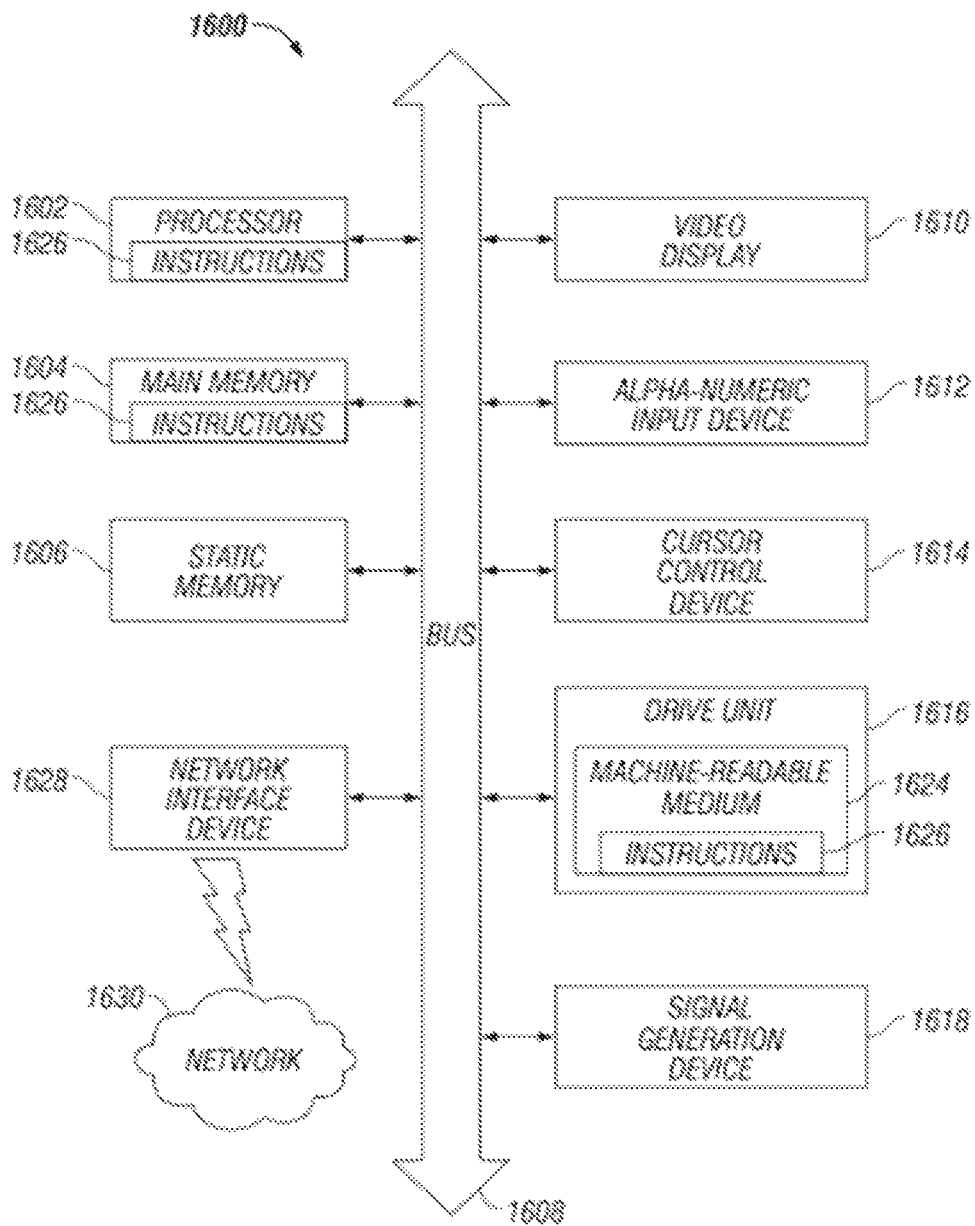


FIGURE 4

HOT SPOT USE IN ADVERTISING**CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/078,297, HOT-SPOT USE IN ADVERTISING, filed Apr. 1, 2011, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/368,141, End-To-End Response Enabling Collection and Use Of Customer Viewing Preference Statistics, filed Feb. 9, 2009, issued as U.S. Pat. No. 8,510,661 on Aug. 13, 2013, which application claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 61/065,258, End-To-End Response Enabling Collection and Use Of Customer Viewing Preference Statistics, filed Feb. 11, 2008, each of which is incorporated herein in its entirety by this reference thereto.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**1. Technical Field**

The invention relates to advertisements (ads) and content viewing on wireless enabled mobile handheld display devices (MHDDs). More specifically, the invention relates to the delivery of large targeted ads to MHDDs, and to providing the capability for client specific responses and feedback with regard to these ads.

2. Description of the Background Art

The use of mobile hand held display devices (MHDDs) has been increasing very fast. Providing selective delivery of focused advertisements (ads) to different groups of target mobile viewers with wireless enabled MHDD users in the total population is becoming more and more important and valuable. There is limited capability of delivering customer/group specific ads, and specific preferred ad interaction methods to target mobile viewer groups are limited as well, but such ad delivery is increasing. The ads and their content must be delivered to the MHDDs, and responses are collected back, using interactive call-to-action enablers, such as switches or inserts instantiated on the display of the MHDDs.

The advent of online ad conversion tools for display on MHDDs allows ads in one format to be converted to another format. An example is the Adobe® Wallaby tool (see <http://labs.adobe.com/technologies/wallaby/>) which converts Flash® ads to hypertext markup language 5 (HTML5) ads. Wallaby does not support call-to-action, although the animations related to the ad are preserved. It would be advantageous for mobile advertisers to repurpose online ads for MHDD if call-to-action can be added to the ad.

FIG. 1 is a block schematic representation of an MHDD display that shows a prior art instantiation 100 of the call-to-action enablers on the display screen 102 of the MHDD 100. The call-to-action enablers, such as Click-to-Call, Click-to-Browse, Click-to-Jump page, Click-to-Message, Click-to-Mail, Click-to-Bookmark, Click-to-Share, Click-to-Video, Click-to-Ad Unit, Click-to-Download, etc. are instantiated switches 111 and 112 and inserts 113 that take up space 104 on the display screen 102, thus limiting the space available 103 for display of the ad.

The ads that have to be delivered are becoming more elaborate and require larger viewing area for full assimilation. This has limited the area available for response enablers to be instantiated on the handheld displays. This creates a problem because the return on investment for ads is closely related to the collected and compiled responses from the MHDD users, which provides development and updating capability for focusing the ads. Hence, the capability to respond to ads using

preferred interaction methods and collection of their response to advertisements is of utmost importance. A capability for end-to-end user interaction with ads would be essential to enhance the impact of the ads. A capability that maximizes the viewing area while providing for end-to-end user interaction with the ads via the user's preferred response method would be an advantageous solution that would enhance the ads' effectiveness and return.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The delivery of targeted advertisements (ads) to wireless mobile handheld display devices (MHDDs) with client specific advertisement and dynamic content for response and feedback is becoming important in advertising. As the return for ads on MHDDs becomes higher, there is a push to show larger and more interactive ads on devices that have small displays. This has created a need to maximize the area available for ad viewing. The need for larger viewing area reduces the area available for call-to-action response enabling switches or inserts on the screen for customer interaction. To overcome this deficiency and provide the necessary end-to-end response capability, hot-spots on the ad image are provided as call-to-action response regions without limitation on the ad viewing area. The use of such hot-spots provides users of MHDDs a preferred interaction mechanism for responding to the advertisement, while maintaining a large ad viewing area.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block schematic representation of an MHDD display that shows a prior art instantiation of the call-to-action enablers on the display screen of the MHDD;

FIG. 2 is a block schematic representation of an MHDD display that shows hot-spots instantiated on the displayed ad in accordance with the invention;

FIG. 3 is a flow chart showing the use of transparent hot-spots to make the full display screen available for ad display, while still providing the capability for customer interaction and feedback, according to the invention; and

FIG. 4 is a block schematic diagram of a machine in the exemplary form of a computer system within which a set of instructions for causing the machine to perform any one of the herein disclosed methodologies may be executed.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The delivery of targeted advertisements (ads) to wireless mobile handheld display devices (MHDDs) with client specific advertisement and dynamic content for response and feedback is becoming important in advertising. As the return for ads on MHDDs becomes higher, there is a push to show larger and more interactive ads on devices that have small displays. This has created a need to maximize the area available for ad viewing. The need for larger viewing area reduces the area available for call-to-action response enabling switches or inserts on the screen for customer interaction. To overcome this deficiency and provide the necessary end-to-end response capability, hot-spots on the ad image are provided as call-to-action response regions without limitation on the ad viewing area. The use of such hot-spots provides users of MHDDs a preferred interaction mechanism for responding to the advertisement, while maintaining a large ad viewing area.

To provide a real-time response capability to alternate content or ads inserted into a video content stream during content viewing, it is necessary to provide ads which have dynamic content and static message content, as specified by the ads. It also necessary that the dynamic content is specific and focused to each target group, e.g. as defined by the location, the expressed interest, and response mode or method that the individual prefers, such as on screen response, short message service (SMS), keyboard, email, call-back, etc. Most of this preference information is pre-known and stored on the MHDD **101** to enable the MHDD **101** to download the right ads selectively, as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/368,141, which application is incorporated herein in its entirety by this reference thereto. The response method options typically provided to a user of an MHDD can include, for example, Click-to-Call, Click-to-Browse, Click-to-Jump page, Click-to-Video, Click-to-Ad Unit, Click-to-Message, Click-to-Mail, Click-to-Bookmark, Click-to-Share, Click-to-Download, etc. By generating and focusing the dynamic and static content of an alternate content or ad to a target group, and by providing the customer with a preferred interaction mode, it is possible to improve the impact of the ad on the user.

Another requirement that is becoming more important is the need for larger and more complex ads to be displayed on the small MHDD screens. By enabling larger ads it is possible to increase the impact of the focused ads further. This results in increased interaction in the form of response and feedback from the person who views the ad. Such an end-to-end interaction in the form of a response or feedback is of great value to any ad campaign because it enables the optimization of the impact of current and future ad campaigns.

In the case of ad conversions using the conversion tools available, such as the Adobe® Wallaby tool which converts Flash® ads into HTML5 ads, earmarking certain areas of the ad real estate with mobile specific calls-to-action is needed. These earmarked areas of the ad associated with call-to-action enablers, specifically for different device resolutions, and target groups of mobile consumers. By inserting transparent hot-spots onto different animations in the earmarked areas within the re-purposed ad, and by associating the call-to-action enablers to these hot-spots, the converted ads can be enabled for end-to-end interaction with full capabilities for display on MHDDs **101**.

FIG. **2** is a block schematic representation **200** of an MHDD display that shows hot-spots instantiated on the displayed ad to allow the maximization of the area for ad display, while providing the capabilities to the user for preferred choice of interaction. By use of transparent markers or hot-spots **211**, **212**, and **213**, that have user specific call-to-action enablers for activities associated with them, typically on the ad images within the ads, the available space for display **203** for the ad on the display screen **102** of the MHDD **101** can be maximized. This is done by eliminating the switches and inserts **111**, **112**, **113** of the prior art and thus saving the area **104** necessary on the screen **102** for their instantiation. Because the hot-spots **211**, **212**, **213** can be made transparent they do not restrict the viewing of the full ad display on the display screen **102** of the MHDD **101**.

The transparent hot-spots **211**, **212**, and **213** attached to the various components of the ad can be assigned a preferred set of different calls-to-action for the user of the MHDD **101**, based on user preferences stored on the MHDD **101**. Here, again the preferred call-to-action can be chosen from the list of call-to-action enablers, e.g. Click-to-Call, Click-to-Browse, Click-to-Jump page, Click-to-Message, Click-to-Video, Click-to-Ad Unit, Click-to-Mail, Click-to-Bookmark,

Click-to-Share, or Click-to-Download, all of which can also be downloaded on to the MHDD.

In the typical case, a processor on the MHDD selects the call-to-action enablers to be used. This selection is based on the pre-stored preference of the user on the MHDD **101**. Ads having a transparent marker or hot-spot **211**, **212**, **213** are downloaded by the MHDD **101**. A processor on the MHDD **101** enables the association of the chosen call-to-action with the hot-spots instantiated on the ad, modifying the ad for dynamic customer interaction. During viewing of content, the ad is rendered and displayed at an appropriate ad spot within the content stream. The complex images and ads created by the studios and other ad agencies for specific ad campaigns can remain essentially unaltered and use the maximum allowed area **203** of the display screen **102** of the MHDD **101** for display of the ad. This is achieved by eliminating the area **104** on the display screen **102** used in the prior art to instantiate the switches **111**, **112** and insert **113** (see FIG. **1**). A key difference being that the non-interactive ad image is now made into an interactive image that includes the transparent hot-spots assigned to the set of user preferred call-to-action enablers for activity generation within the image itself. The user of the MHDD **101** can, for example, move a cursor over the image to a region containing a transparent hot-spot **212**, making the hotspot **212** visible and enabled for a preferred call-to-action activity, thereby initiating that preferred activity and interacting with the ad displayed on the display screen **102**.

FIG. **3** is a flow chart **3000** showing the use of transparent hot-spots to make the full display screen available for ad display, while still providing the capability for customer interaction and feedback.

A targeted ad **203** developed for a target users, and having assignable transparent hot-spots **211**, **212**, **213** is downloaded by the MHDD **101**. The ad **203** contains both dynamic and static components covering the message to be conveyed (**S3001**).

The available call-to-action enablers are downloaded by the MHDD **101** (**S3002**).

The processor on the MHDD **101** checks the call-to-action enablers against the known preferred modes of activity of the target user of the MHDD **101**, and chooses the preferred call-to-action enablers from the available downloaded call-to-action enablers (**S3003**).

The processor also associates the chosen call-to-action enablers with the appropriate hot-spots **211**, **212**, **213** on the ad, making the non-interactive ad into an interactive ad (**S3004**).

During an ad spot, the ad **203** is rendered and displayed on the screen **102** of the MHDD **101** (**S3005**). The use of the transparent hot-spots **211**, **212**, **213** assigned to the call-to-action enablers eliminates the need to have switches and inserts **111**, **112**, **113** instantiated separately on the screen using up area **104**. This allows the whole display screen **102** to be used for the ad **203** display.

The user is enabled to interact with the ad **203** using the hot-spots **211**, **212**, **213** on screen to provide the required call-to-action activity and feedback (**S3006**).

Hence, this method of using transparent hot-spots **211**, **212**, **213** within the ad **203** enables user interaction and feedback, while allowing the use of the whole display screen **102** of the MHDD **101** for the ad **203** display.

The use of a transparent hot-spot or a marker within the ads provides the best solution for maximizing the display area for the ad **203** within the total available display area **102** of the MHDD **101**, while providing for all the preferred modes of end-to-end response to the consumer.

FIG. 4 is a block schematic diagram of a machine in the exemplary form of a computer system 1600 within which a set of instructions for causing the machine to perform any one of the foregoing methodologies may be executed. In alternative embodiments, the machine may comprise or include a network router, a network switch, a network bridge, personal digital assistant (PDA), a cellular telephone, a Web appliance or any machine capable of executing or transmitting a sequence of instructions that specify actions to be taken.

The computer system 1600 includes a processor 1602, a main memory 1604 and a static memory 1606, which communicate with each other via a bus 1608. The computer system 1600 may further include a display unit 1610, for example, a liquid crystal display (LCD) or a cathode ray tube (CRT). The computer system 1600 also includes an alphanumeric input device 1612, for example, a keyboard; a cursor control device 1614, for example, a mouse; a disk drive unit 1616, a signal generation device 1618, for example, a speaker, and a network interface device 1628.

The disk drive unit 1616 includes a machine-readable medium 1624 on which is stored a set of executable instructions, i.e., software, 1626 embodying any one, or all, of the methodologies described herein below. The software 1626 is also shown to reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory 1604 and/or within the processor 1602. The software 1626 may further be transmitted or received over a network 1630 by means of a network interface device 1628.

In contrast to the system 1600 discussed above, a different embodiment uses logic circuitry instead of computer-executed instructions to implement processing entities. Depending upon the particular requirements of the application in the areas of speed, expense, tooling costs, and the like, this logic may be implemented by constructing an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC) having thousands of tiny integrated transistors. Such an ASIC may be implemented with complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS), transistor-transistor logic (TTL), very large systems integration (VLSI), or another suitable construction. Other alternatives include a digital signal processing chip (DSP), discrete circuitry (such as resistors, capacitors, diodes, inductors, and transistors), field programmable gate array (FPGA), programmable logic array (PLA), programmable logic device (PLD), and the like.

It is to be understood that embodiments may be used as or to support software programs or software modules executed upon some form of processing core (such as the CPU of a computer) or otherwise implemented or realized upon or within a machine or computer readable medium. A machine-readable medium includes any mechanism for storing or transmitting information in a form readable by a machine, e.g. a computer. For example, a machine readable medium includes read-only memory (ROM); random access memory (RAM); magnetic disk storage media; optical storage media; flash memory devices; electrical, optical, acoustical or other form of propagated signals, for example, carrier waves, infrared signals, digital signals, etc.; or any other type of media suitable for storing or transmitting information.

The invention disclosed herein may be embodied in software designed to execute on a specific hardware platform, firmware, hardware, or any combination thereof.

Although the invention is described herein with reference to the preferred embodiment, one skilled in the art will readily appreciate that other applications may be substituted for those set forth herein without departing from the spirit and scope of

the present invention. Accordingly, the invention should only be limited by the Claims included below.

The invention claimed is:

1. A method for a mobile hand held display device (MHDD) to display targeted advertisements (ad), comprising:

downloading, by a processor on said MHDD, a targeted ad comprising dynamic and static content and storing said ad in a storage medium of said MHDD;

wherein said ad is directed to a target group of users of MHDDs; and

wherein said ad comprises a plurality of transparent hot-spots;

in a separate step, said processor also downloading a plurality of call-to-action enablers and storing said call-to-action enablers in said storage medium;

said processor checking said call-to-action enablers against one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD and choosing one or more preferred call-to-action enablers from among said downloaded call-to-action enablers for use with said downloaded ad based upon said one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD;

said processor making said ad interactive by associating at least one of said chosen call-to-action enablers with appropriate hot-spots from among said plurality of hot-spots;

said processor rendering and displaying said ad on the MHDD during an ad spot;

said processor providing said MHDD user with a choice of a preferred response mode to said ad from among a set of chosen preferred call-to-action enablers when said user selects at least one hot-spot from said plurality of hot-spots in said ad; and

said processor enabling said user to respond to said ad by selecting a hot spot and thereby invoking a call-to-action enabler associated with said hot-spot;

wherein said ad is displayed in a maximum available display area said MHDD display while maintaining user interactivity with said ad via said hot spots.

2. The method of claim 1, said call-to-action enablers, upon user selection of a hot spot, invoking actions comprising any of Click-to-Call, Click-to-Browse, Click-to-Jump page, Click-to-Video, Click-to-Ad Unit, Click-to-Message, Click-to-Mail, Click-to-Bookmark, Click-to-Share, and Click-to-Download.

3. A mobile hand held display device (MHDD) for displaying targeted advertisements (ads), comprising:

a processor configured to download a targeted ad comprising dynamic and static content;

a storage medium configured to store said downloaded ad; wherein said ad is directed to a target group of users of MHDDs; and

wherein said ad comprises a plurality of transparent hot-spots;

wherein said processor is further configured to also download, in a separate download step, a plurality of call-to-action enablers and storing said call-to-action enablers in said storage medium;

wherein said processor is further configured to check said call-to-action enablers against one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD and choose one or more preferred call-to-action enablers from among said downloaded call-to-action enablers for use with said downloaded ad based upon said one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD;

7

wherein said processor is further configured to make said ad interactive by associating at least one of said chosen call-to-action enablers with appropriate hot-spots from among said plurality of hot-spots;

wherein said processor is further configured to render and display said ad on a display during an ad spot;

wherein said processor is further configured to provide said MHDD user with a choice of a preferred response mode to said ad from among a set of chosen preferred call-to-action enablers when said user selects at least one hot-spot from said plurality of hot-spots in said ad;

wherein said processor is further configured to enable said user to respond to said ad by selecting a hot spot and thereby invoking a call-to-action enabler associated with said hot-spot; and

wherein said ad is displayed in a maximum available display area of said display while maintaining user interactivity with said ad via said hot spots.

4. A method for delivering display targeted advertisements (ad) to a mobile hand held display device (MHDD), comprising:

developing a targeted ad comprising assignable transparent hot spots and dynamic and static content, delivering said ad to said MHDD, and causing said ad to be stored in a storage medium of said MHDD;

wherein said ad is directed to a target group of users of MHDDs;

in a separate step, delivering a plurality of call-to-action enablers to said MHDD and causing said call-to-action enablers to be stored in said MHDD storage medium;

wherein said call-to-action enablers are enabled to be checked against one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD and wherein one or more preferred call-to-action enablers are selectable from among downloaded call-to-action enablers for use with a downloaded ad based upon one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD;

8

wherein said ad is configured to be interactive by at least one of said call-to-action enablers being assigned to appropriate hot-spots from among said plurality of hot-spots; and

responsive to said delivering said ad, receiving user feedback from during an ad spot on said MHDD, wherein said ad is rendered and displayed in a maximum available display area said MHDD display while maintaining user interactivity with said ad via said hot spots and wherein a selected hot spot invoked a call-to-action enabler associated with said hot-spot.

5. A method for a mobile hand held display device (MHDD) to display targeted advertisements (ad), comprising:

downloading, by a processor on said MHDD, a targeted ad comprising dynamic and static content into an MHDD and storing said ad in a storage medium on said MHDD; wherein said ad is directed to a target group of users of MHDDs; and

wherein said ad comprises a plurality of transparent hot-spots;

in a separate step, said processor also downloading a plurality of call-to-action enablers and storing said call-to-action enablers in said storage medium;

said processor checking said call-to-action enablers against one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD and choosing one or more preferred call-to-action enablers from among said downloaded call-to-action enablers for use with said downloaded ad based upon said one or more preferred modes of activity of a target user of said MHDD;

said processor making said ad interactive by associating at least one of said chosen call-to-action enablers with appropriate hot-spots from among said plurality of hot-spots; and

said processor rendering and displaying on a display of said MHDD said ad during an ad spot.

* * * * *